

Aspects of RE

Substantive knowledge: Sikhism

EFYS	Children learn that people believe different things. Children look at a series of festivals and celebrations including religious and secular festivals
Year1	
Year2	<u>What do Sikhs believe?</u> Know the Sikh means learner and Guru means teacher Know that a core belief of Sikhs is that everyone is equal Know that Sikhs use meditation as a time to remember God Discuss the core belief of Sikhs that people should work hard and live honestly Know the Sikhs believe that it is important to share Know that Sikhs use community kitchens to share what they have
Year3	
Year4	<u>Sikh rite of passage</u> Recognise the Sikh symbol Know that Sikh children are named in the gurdwara during a special naming ceremony called Naam Karan Know that the baptism ceremony of Sikhs is called Amrit and this initiates someone into Sikhism Know that a Sikh must wear the 5 Ks Learn about Sikh marriage ceremonies (Anand Karaj) Know that the final rite of passage for a Sikh is their funeral (Antam Sanskar) and it is a celebration of life Understand that Sikhs believe in reincarnation and that the soul never dies
Year5	
Year6	<u>Sikh worship and community</u> Discuss the 10 gurus and that Guru Nanak founded Sikhism Know how Sikhs pray Know that Sikhs believe in only one God and that these are the first words of the Mool Mantar (the first prayer of each day) Know how children are welcomed into the Sikh community and how at the ages of 14 and 16 they are able to join the Khalsa as adults Explore the importance of the tradition of the Langar and know that all gurdwaras have a langar Know how the Langar reflects and puts into practise the core beliefs of Sikhism that all people are born equal and that you should share Know that Sewa is the act of service to others and is a crucial part of Sikh worship Know that Sikhs take part in 3 different types of selfless service to others Know that Sikhs believe that through Sewa, they are serving God.